

----- Is the RBO really predictable?

Connected.

----- Create a table to play with

```
SQL> create table rbo(c1 number(8), c2 number(8), c3 number(8), c4
number(8));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> insert into rbo select level, level, level, level from dual connect
by level <= 1000;
```

1000 rows created.

----- Create an index

```
SQL> create index rbo_c1c2_idx on rbo(c1,c2);
```

Index created.

----- Perform a RBO optimized query

```
SQL> select /*+ rule */ * from rbo where c1 = 1;
```

C1	C2	C3	C4
1	1	1	1

----- See the execution plan used

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor());
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

SQL_ID 0xgwprdfsawp5, child number 0

select /*+ rule */ * from rbo where c1 = 1

Plan hash value: 616638904

Id	Operation	Name
0	SELECT STATEMENT	
1	TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID	RBO
* 2	INDEX RANGE SCAN	RBO_C1C2_IDX

Predicate Information (identified by operation id):

2 - access("C1"=1)

Note

- rule based optimizer used (consider using cbo)

----- Create another index

```
SQL> create index rbo_c1c3c4_idx on rbo(c1,c3,c4);
```

Index created.

----- Re-run our query

```
SQL> select /*+ rule */ * from rbo where c1 = 1;
```

C1	C2	C3	C4
1	1	1	1

----- See the execution plan used

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor());
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

SQL_ID 0xgwprdfsawp5, child number 0

select /*+ rule */ * from rbo where c1 = 1

Plan hash value: 3111888641

Id	Operation	Name
0	SELECT STATEMENT	
1	TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID	RBO
* 2	INDEX RANGE SCAN	RBO_C1C3C4_IDX

Predicate Information (identified by operation id):

2 - access("C1"=1)

Note

- rule based optimizer used (consider using cbo)

----- Re-create our first index

```
SQL> drop index rbo_c1c2_idx;
```

Index dropped.

```
SQL> create index rbo_c1c2_idx on rbo(c1,c2);
```

Index created.

----- Re-run our query

```
SQL> select /*+ rule */ * from rbo where c1 = 1;
```

C1	C2	C3	C4
1	1	1	1

----- See the execution plan used
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor());

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

SQL_ID 0xgwprdfsawp5, child number 0

select /*+ rule */ * from rbo where c1 = 1

Plan hash value: 616638904

Id	Operation	Name
0	SELECT STATEMENT	
1	TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID	RBO
* 2	INDEX RANGE SCAN	RBO_C1C2_IDX

Predicate Information (identified by operation id):

2 - access("C1"=1)

Note

- rule based optimizer used (consider using cbo)

----- Cleanup

SQL> set echo off

Table dropped.

Table dropped.

----- Optimizer Plan Stability

Connected.

----- Create a table to play with

```
SQL> create table foo(c1 number(8), c2 number(8), c3 char(50));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> insert into foo select level, 1, 1 from dual connect by level <= 100000;
```

100000 rows created.

```
SQL> exec dbms_stats.gather_table_stats(null,'foo')
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- Perform a query

```
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

```
      SUM(C2)
-----
          100
```

----- See the execution plan used

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:

select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100

Plan hash value: 1342139204

```
-----
| Id | Operation          | Name |
-----
|  0 | SELECT STATEMENT   |      |
|  1 |  SORT AGGREGATE    |      |
|  2 |    TABLE ACCESS FULL| FOO  |
-----
```

----- Give the optimizer some choice

```
SQL> create index i1 on foo(c1);
```

Index created.

```
SQL> exec dbms_stats.gather_table_stats(null,'foo')
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- Run the query again

```
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

```
SUM(C2)
-----
      100
```

```
----- See the execution plan used
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

```
PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT
```

```
-----
EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:
```

```
-----
select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100
```

```
Plan hash value: 2639956353
```

```
-----
```

Id	Operation	Name
0	SELECT STATEMENT	
1	SORT AGGREGATE	
2	TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID	FOO
3	INDEX RANGE SCAN	I1

```
-----
```

```
----- Capture this plan in a stored outline
SQL> alter session set create_stored_outlines = Harald;
```

```
Session altered.
```

```
----- Run the query again
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

```
SUM(C2)
-----
      100
```

```
SQL> alter session set create_stored_outlines = false;
```

```
Session altered.
```

```
----- Succeeded?
SQL> select name,category,used from dba_outlines;
```

NAME	CATEGORY	USED
SYS_OUTLINE_09120516133528901	HARALD	UNUSED

```
----- Run the query again
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

```
SUM(C2)
-----
```

100

```
----- See the execution plan used
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:

select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100

Plan hash value: 2639956353

```
-----
| Id | Operation | Name |
-----
| 0 | SELECT STATEMENT | |
| 1 | SORT AGGREGATE | |
| 2 | TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID | FOO |
| 3 | INDEX RANGE SCAN | I1 |
-----
```

```
----- Why is the stored outline not used?
SQL> alter session set use_stored_outlines = Harald;
```

Session altered.

```
----- Run the query again
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

```
SUM(C2)
-----
100
```

```
----- See the execution plan used
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:

select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100

Plan hash value: 2639956353

```
-----
| Id | Operation | Name |
-----
| 0 | SELECT STATEMENT | |
| 1 | SORT AGGREGATE | |
| 2 | TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID | FOO |
-----
```

```
| 3 | INDEX RANGE SCAN | I1 |
```

Note

- outline "SYS_OUTLINE_09120516133528901" used for this statement

----- See the outline status

SQL> select name,category,used from dba_outlines;

NAME	CATEGORY	USED
SYS_OUTLINE_09120516133528901	HARALD	USED

----- Give the optimizer some more choice

SQL> create index i2 on foo(c1,c2);

Index created.

SQL> exec dbms_stats.gather_table_stats(null,'foo')

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- Run the query again

SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;

```
SUM(C2)
-----
      100
```

----- See the execution plan used

SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic note'));

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:

select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100

Plan hash value: 2639956353

```
-----
| Id | Operation | Name |
-----
| 0 | SELECT STATEMENT | |
| 1 | SORT AGGREGATE | |
| 2 | TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID | FOO |
| 3 | INDEX RANGE SCAN | I1 |
-----
```

Note

- outline "SYS_OUTLINE_09120516133528901" used for this statement

```
----- Create a new stored outline
SQL> create or replace outline for category Harald on
  2 select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

Outline created.

```
----- Run the query again
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

```
      SUM(C2)
-----
      100
```

```
----- See the execution plan used
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:

```
-----
select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100
```

Plan hash value: 2639956353

```
-----
```

Id	Operation	Name
0	SELECT STATEMENT	
1	SORT AGGREGATE	
2	TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID	FOO
3	INDEX RANGE SCAN	I1

```
-----
```

Note

- outline "SYS_OUTLINE_09120516133528901" used for this statement

```
----- Why did the plan not change?
```

```
SQL> alter session set use_stored_outlines = false;
```

Session altered.

```
----- Try again to create a new stored outline
SQL> create or replace outline for category Harald on
  2 select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

Outline created.

```
----- Run the query again
```

```
SQL> alter session set use_stored_outlines = Harald;
```


Session altered.

```
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

```
      SUM(C2)
-----
         100
```

----- See the execution plan used

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:

```
select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100
```

Plan hash value: 2583336616

```
-----
```

Id	Operation	Name
0	SELECT STATEMENT	
1	SORT AGGREGATE	
2	INDEX RANGE SCAN	I2

```
-----
```

Note

- outline "SYS_OUTLINE_09120516133528901" used for this statement

----- Drop all outlines in category Harald

```
SQL> exec dbms_outln.drop_by_cat('HARALD')
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- Cleanup

```
SQL> set echo off
```

Table dropped.

Table dropped.

----- SQL Plan Management
Connected.

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- Create a table to play with
SQL> create table foo(c1 number(8), c2 number(8), c3 char(50));

Table created.

SQL> insert into foo select level, 1, 1 from dual connect by level <= 100000;

100000 rows created.

SQL> exec dbms_stats.gather_table_stats(null,'foo')

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- Show the SQL Plan Management parameters
SQL> show parameter baseline

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines	boolean	FALSE
optimizer_use_sql_plan_baselines	boolean	TRUE

----- Create our first SQL plan baseline
SQL> alter session set optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines = true;

Session altered.

----- Perform a query
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;

```
SUM(C2)
-----
      100
```

SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;

```
SUM(C2)
-----
      100
```

SQL> alter session set optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines = false;

Session altered.

----- Succeeded?
SQL> select plan_name, origin, enabled, accepted, fixed, optimizer_cost
2 from dba_sql_plan_baselines
3 where sql_text like 'select sum(c2) from foo%';

PLAN_NAME	ORIGIN	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPTIMIZER_COST
-----------	--------	-----	-----	-----	----------------

----- See the complete DBA_SQL_PLAN_BASELINES view

SQL> desc dba_sql_plan_baselines

Name	Null?	Type
SIGNATURE	NOT NULL	NUMBER
SQL_HANDLE	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (30)
SQL_TEXT	NOT NULL	CLOB
PLAN_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (30)
CREATOR		VARCHAR2 (30)
ORIGIN		VARCHAR2 (14)
PARSING_SCHEMA_NAME		VARCHAR2 (30)
DESCRIPTION		VARCHAR2 (500)
VERSION		VARCHAR2 (64)
CREATED	NOT NULL	TIMESTAMP (6)
LAST_MODIFIED		TIMESTAMP (6)
LAST_EXECUTED		TIMESTAMP (6)
LAST_VERIFIED		TIMESTAMP (6)
ENABLED		VARCHAR2 (3)
ACCEPTED		VARCHAR2 (3)
FIXED		VARCHAR2 (3)
AUTOPURGE		VARCHAR2 (3)
OPTIMIZER_COST		NUMBER
MODULE		VARCHAR2 (48)
ACTION		VARCHAR2 (32)
EXECUTIONS		NUMBER
ELAPSED_TIME		NUMBER
CPU_TIME		NUMBER
BUFFER_GETS		NUMBER
DISK_READS		NUMBER
DIRECT_WRITES		NUMBER
ROWS_PROCESSED		NUMBER
FETCHES		NUMBER
END_OF_FETCH_COUNT		NUMBER

SQL> -- Note: The last executed timestamp will only be updated once per week

----- Show the captured execution plan

SQL> select sql_handle from dba_sql_plan_baselines
 2 where sql_text like 'select sum(c2) from foo%';

SQL_HANDLE

 SYS_SQL_b353d4e19ce9d08b

----- Press ENTER to continue.

SQL> select * from table(
 2 dbms_xplan.display_sql_plan_baseline(sql_handle=>'&sql_handle',
 3 format=>'basic +cost')
 4);

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT


```
-----
-----
SQL handle: SYS_SQL_b353d4e19ce9d08b
SQL text: select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100
-----
-----
```

```
-----
-----
Plan name: SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4b8e276424          Plan id: 2384946212
Enabled: YES      Fixed: NO      Accepted: YES      Origin: AUTO-CAPTURE
-----
-----
```

Plan hash value: 1342139204

```
-----
| Id | Operation                | Name | Cost (%CPU) |
-----
|  0 | SELECT STATEMENT         |      |    244   (1) |
|  1 |   SORT AGGREGATE         |      |              |
|  2 |    TABLE ACCESS FULL    | FOO  |    244   (1) |
-----
```

```
----- Run the query again and show the execution plan
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

SUM(C2)

```
-----
100
```

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

```
-----
EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:
```

```
-----
select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100
```

Plan hash value: 1342139204

```
-----
| Id | Operation                | Name |
-----
|  0 | SELECT STATEMENT         |      |
|  1 |   SORT AGGREGATE         |      |
|  2 |    TABLE ACCESS FULL    | FOO  |
-----
```

Note

```
-----
- SQL plan baseline SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4b8e276424 used for this
statement
```

----- Give the optimizer some choice

```
SQL> create index i1 on foo(c1);
```

Index created.

```
SQL> exec dbms_stats.gather_table_stats(null,'foo')
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- Run the query again and show the execution plan

```
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

```
      SUM(C2)
-----
          100
```

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

```
SQL_ID  f7xrmkxmcnww, child number 5
```

An uncaught error happened in prepare_sql_statement : ORA-01403: no data found

NOTE: cannot fetch plan for SQL_ID: f7xrmkxmcnww, CHILD_NUMBER: 5
Please verify value of SQL_ID and CHILD_NUMBER;
It could also be that the plan is no longer in cursor cache (check
v\$sql_p
lan)

----- Huh?

```
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

```
      SUM(C2)
-----
          100
```

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:

```
select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100
```

Plan hash value: 1342139204

```

-----
| Id | Operation                | Name |
-----
| 0  | SELECT STATEMENT         |      |
| 1  |   SORT AGGREGATE         |      |
| 2  |     TABLE ACCESS FULL   | FOO  |
-----

```

Note

```

-----
- SQL plan baseline SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4b8e276424 used for this
statement

```

```

----- Have a look in the SMB

```

```

SQL> select plan_name, origin, enabled, accepted , fixed,optimizer_cost
2  from dba_sql_plan_baselines
3  where sql_text like 'select sum(c2) from foo%';

```

PLAN_NAME	ORIGIN	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPTIMIZER_COST
SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4b8e276424	AUTO-CAPTURE	YES	YES	NO	244
SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4be47a8c11	AUTO-CAPTURE	YES	NO	NO	3

```

SQL> -- Note: We did not set the capture parameter to true to catch the
2nd plan

```

```

----- And show their execution plans

```

```

SQL> select * from table(
2  dbms_xplan.display_sql_plan_baseline(sql_handle=> '&sql_handle',
3  format=>'basic +cost')
4 );

```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

```

-----
SQL handle: SYS_SQL_b353d4e19ce9d08b
SQL text: select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100
-----

```

```

-----
Plan name: SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4b8e276424          Plan id: 2384946212
Enabled: YES          Fixed: NO          Accepted: YES          Origin: AUTO-CAPTURE
-----

```

Plan hash value: 1342139204

```

-----
| Id | Operation                | Name | Cost (%CPU) |
-----
| 0  | SELECT STATEMENT         |      | 244 (1) |
-----

```

```

| 1 | SORT AGGREGATE | | |
| 2 | TABLE ACCESS FULL| FOO | 244 (1) |
-----

```

```

-----
Plan name: SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4be47a8c11      Plan id: 3833236497
Enabled: YES      Fixed: NO      Accepted: NO      Origin: AUTO-CAPTURE
-----

```

Plan hash value: 2639956353

```

-----
| Id | Operation | Name | Cost (%CPU) |
-----
| 0 | SELECT STATEMENT | | 3 (0) |
| 1 | SORT AGGREGATE | | |
| 2 | TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID| FOO | 3 (0) |
| 3 | INDEX RANGE SCAN | I1 | 2 (0) |
-----

```

```

----- Evolve the second plan
SQL> select dbms_spm.evolve_sql_plan_baseline(NULL, '&plan_name') from
dual;

```

```

DBMS_SPM.EVOLVE_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE(NULL, 'SQL_PLAN_B6NYNW6FFMN4BE47A8C11')
-----

```

Evolve SQL Plan Baseline Report

Inputs:

```

-----
SQL_HANDLE =
PLAN_NAME = SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4be47a8c11
TIME_LIMIT = DBMS_SPM.AUTO_LIMIT
VERIFY = YES
COMMIT = YES

```

Plan: SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4be47a8c11

```

-----
Plan was verified: Time used .06 seconds.
Plan passed performance criterion: 286.86 times better than baseline
plan.
Plan was changed to an accepted plan.

```

Ratio	Baseline Plan	Test Plan	Stats
	-----	-----	-----
--			
Execution Status:	COMPLETE	COMPLETE	

```

Rows Processed:                1                1
Elapsed Time(ms) :            4.109            .134
30.66
CPU Time(ms) :                4.444            1.111
4
Buffer Gets:                   892                3
297.33
Physical Read Requests:        0                0
Physical Write Requests:       0                0
Physical Read Bytes:           0                0
Physical Write Bytes:          0                0
Executions:                    1                1

```


Report Summary

Number of plans verified: 1
Number of plans accepted: 1

----- check the dictionary
SQL> select plan_name, origin, enabled, accepted , fixed,optimizer_cost
2 from dba_sql_plan_baselines
3 where sql_text like 'select sum(c2) from foo%';

PLAN_NAME	ORIGIN	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPTIMIZER_COST
SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4b8e276424	AUTO-CAPTURE	YES	YES	NO	244
SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4be47a8c11	AUTO-CAPTURE	YES	YES	NO	3

----- Run the query again and show the execution plan
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;

```

SUM(C2)
-----
100

```

SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic note'));

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

SQL_ID f7xrmkxmcnww, child number 4

An uncaught error happened in prepare_sql_statement : ORA-01403: no data found

NOTE: cannot fetch plan for SQL_ID: f7xrmkxmcnww, CHILD_NUMBER: 4
Please verify value of SQL_ID and CHILD_NUMBER;
It could also be that the plan is no longer in cursor cache (check v\$sql_p lan)

----- Huh?

SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;

```
SUM(C2)
-----
      100
```

SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic note'));

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:

select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100

Plan hash value: 2639956353

```
-----
| Id | Operation                               | Name |
-----
|  0 | SELECT STATEMENT                         |      |
|  1 |   SORT AGGREGATE                         |      |
|  2 |    TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID         | FOO  |
|  3 |     INDEX RANGE SCAN                     | I1   |
-----
```

Note

- SQL plan baseline SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4be47a8c11 used for this statement

----- See what happens after changing the FTS plan to FIXED

SQL> select plan_name, origin, enabled, accepted, fixed, optimizer_cost
2 from dba_sql_plan_baselines
3 where sql_text like 'select sum(c2) from foo%' and OPTIMIZER_COST >
100;

```
PLAN_NAME                                ORIGIN          ENA ACC FIX OPTIMIZER_COST
-----
SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4b8e276424 AUTO-CAPTURE    YES YES NO                244
```

```
SQL> exec :cnt := dbms_spm.alter_sql_plan_baseline( -
>                plan_name           => '&plan_name', -
>                attribute_name      => 'FIXED', -
>                attribute_value     => 'YES');
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- Have a look in the SMB

SQL> select plan_name, origin, enabled, accepted, fixed, optimizer_cost
2 from dba_sql_plan_baselines

```
3 where sql_text like 'select sum(c2) from foo%';
```

```
PLAN_NAME                                ORIGIN                                ENA ACC FIX OPTIMIZER_COST
-----
SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4b8e276424 AUTO-CAPTURE YES YES YES 244
SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4be47a8c11 AUTO-CAPTURE YES YES NO 3
```

```
----- Run the query again and show the execution plan
```

```
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

```
      SUM(C2)
-----
      100
```

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

```
PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT
```

```
-----
EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:
```

```
-----
select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100
```

```
Plan hash value: 1342139204
```

```
-----
| Id | Operation          | Name |
-----
|  0 | SELECT STATEMENT   |      |
|  1 |  SORT AGGREGATE    |      |
|  2 |    TABLE ACCESS FULL| FOO  |
-----
```

```
Note
```

```
-----
- SQL plan baseline SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4b8e276424 used for this
statement
```

```
----- Give the optimizer some more choice
```

```
SQL> create index i2 on foo(c1,c2);
```

```
Index created.
```

```
SQL> exec dbms_stats.gather_table_stats(null,'foo')
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
----- Run the query again and show the execution plan
```

```
SQL> select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100;
```

```
      SUM(C2)
-----
      100
```

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:

```
select sum(c2) from foo where c1 <= 100
```

Plan hash value: 1342139204

```
-----
| Id | Operation                | Name |
-----
|  0 | SELECT STATEMENT         |      |
|  1 |   SORT AGGREGATE         |      |
|  2 |    TABLE ACCESS FULL    | FOO  |
-----
```

Note

- SQL plan baseline SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4b8e276424 used for this statement

----- Have a look in the SMB

```
SQL> select plan_name, origin, enabled, accepted, fixed, optimizer_cost
2 from dba_sql_plan_baselines
3 where sql_text like 'select sum(c2) from foo%';
```

PLAN_NAME	ORIGIN	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPTIMIZER_COST
SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4b8e276424	AUTO-CAPTURE	YES	YES	YES	244
SQL_PLAN_b6nynw6ffmn4be47a8c11	AUTO-CAPTURE	YES	YES	NO	3

----- Configure the SMB

```
SQL> exec dbms_spm.configure('space_budget_percent',10)
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL> exec dbms_spm.configure('plan_retention_weeks',53)
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- Show this in the dictionary

```
SQL> select * from dba_sql_management_config;
```

PARAMETER_NAME	PARAMETER_VALUE	LAST_MODIFIED
SPACE_BUDGET_PERCENT	10	05-DEC-09 04.14.30.000000 PM SYSTEM
PLAN_RETENTION_WEEKS	53	05-DEC-09 04.14.30.000000 PM SYSTEM

----- Create a SMB staging table

```
SQL> exec DBMS_SPM.CREATE_STGTAB_BASELINE('MYSMB')
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
----- See it
```

```
SQL> desc mysmb
```

Name	Null?	Type
VERSION		NUMBER
SIGNATURE		NUMBER
SQL_HANDLE		VARCHAR2 (30)
OBJ_NAME		VARCHAR2 (30)
OBJ_TYPE		VARCHAR2 (30)
PLAN_ID		NUMBER
SQL_TEXT		CLOB
CREATOR		VARCHAR2 (30)
ORIGIN		VARCHAR2 (30)
DESCRIPTION		VARCHAR2 (500)
DB_VERSION		VARCHAR2 (64)
CREATED		TIMESTAMP (6)
LAST_MODIFIED		TIMESTAMP (6)
LAST_EXECUTED		TIMESTAMP (6)
LAST_VERIFIED		TIMESTAMP (6)
STATUS		NUMBER
OPTIMIZER_COST		NUMBER
MODULE		VARCHAR2 (48)
ACTION		VARCHAR2 (32)
EXECUTIONS		NUMBER
ELAPSED_TIME		NUMBER
CPU_TIME		NUMBER
BUFFER_GETS		NUMBER
DISK_READS		NUMBER
DIRECT_WRITES		NUMBER
ROWS_PROCESSED		NUMBER
FETCHES		NUMBER
END_OF_FETCH_COUNT		NUMBER
CATEGORY		VARCHAR2 (30)
SQLFLAGS		NUMBER
TASK_ID		NUMBER
TASK_EXEC_NAME		VARCHAR2 (30)
TASK_OBJ_ID		NUMBER
TASK_FND_ID		NUMBER
TASK_REC_ID		NUMBER
INUSE_FEATURES		NUMBER
PARSE_CPU_TIME		NUMBER
PRIORITY		NUMBER
OPTIMIZER_ENV		RAW (2000)
BIND_DATA		RAW (2000)
PARSING_SCHEMA_NAME		VARCHAR2 (30)
COMP_DATA		CLOB

```
----- Export the SMB to the staging table
```

```
SQL> exec :cnt := DBMS_SPM.PACK_STGTAB_BASELINE('MYSMB')
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

SQL> print :cnt

```
      CNT
-----
       2
```

----- Create another table to play with
SQL> create table bar(c1 number(8), c2 number(8), c3 char(50));

Table created.

SQL> insert into bar select level, 1, 1 from dual connect by level <= 100;

100 rows created.

SQL> insert into bar select * from bar;

100 rows created.

SQL> /

200 rows created.

SQL> exec dbms_stats.gather_table_stats(null, 'bar')

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- Perform a query with different optimizer modes
SQL> alter session set optimizer_mode = first_rows_1;

Session altered.

SQL> select f.c1, f.c2, b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and f.c1=1;

```
      C1      C2      C2
-----
       1       1       1
       1       1       1
       1       1       1
       1       1       1
```

----- Get the SQL_ID, switch optimizer mode and exec again
SQL> select prev_sql_id SQL_ID from v\$sqlsession where sid = sys_context('userenv', 'SID');

```
SQL_ID
-----
1bcpkywprtdrh
```

SQL> alter session set optimizer_mode = all_rows;

Session altered.

```
SQL> select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and
f.c1=1;
```

C1	C2	C2
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

----- Load their execution plans into the SMB

```
SQL> exec :cnt := dbms_spm.load_plans_from_cursor_cache('&sql_id')
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL> print :cnt
```

```

CNT
-----
2

```

----- See them in the SMB

```
SQL> select plan_name, origin, enabled, accepted , fixed,optimizer_cost
2 from dba_sql_plan_baselines
3 where sql_text like 'select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b%';
```

PLAN_NAME	ORIGIN	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPTIMIZER_COST
SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787e6a36028	MANUAL-LOAD	YES	YES	NO	4
SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787fc9e05d1	MANUAL-LOAD	YES	YES	NO	6

----- Exec again and see the plan

```
SQL> select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and
f.c1=1;
```

C1	C2	C2
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

```
-----
SQL_ID 1bcpkywprtdrh, child number 2
```

An uncaught error happened in prepare_sql_statement : ORA-01403: no data found

NOTE: cannot fetch plan for SQL_ID: 1bcpkywprtdrh, CHILD_NUMBER: 2
Please verify value of SQL_ID and CHILD_NUMBER;

It could also be that the plan is no longer in cursor cache (check v\$sql_plan)

```
SQL> select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and f.c1=1;
```

C1	C2	C2
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:

select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and f.c1=1

Plan hash value: 1207490703

Id	Operation	Name
0	SELECT STATEMENT	
1	HASH JOIN	
2	INDEX RANGE SCAN	I2
3	TABLE ACCESS FULL	BAR

Note

- SQL plan baseline SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787fc9e05d1 used for this statement

----- What happens if we switch optimizer mode?

```
SQL> alter session set optimizer_mode = first_rows_1;
```

Session altered.

```
SQL> select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and f.c1=1;
```

C1	C2	C2
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

1 1 1

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

SQL_ID lbcpywprtdrh, child number 3

An uncaught error happened in prepare_sql_statement : ORA-01403: no data found

NOTE: cannot fetch plan for SQL_ID: lbcpywprtdrh, CHILD_NUMBER: 3
Please verify value of SQL_ID and CHILD_NUMBER;
It could also be that the plan is no longer in cursor cache (check
v\$sql_p
lan)

```
SQL> select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and
f.c1=1;
```

C1	C2	C2
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(format => 'basic
note'));
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:

```
select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and f.c1=1
```

Plan hash value: 3834250642

Id	Operation	Name
0	SELECT STATEMENT	
1	NESTED LOOPS	
2	INDEX RANGE SCAN	I2
3	TABLE ACCESS FULL	BAR

Note

- SQL plan baseline SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787e6a36028 used for this statement


```

----- Empty the SMB
SQL> declare
  2     cnt number;
  3 begin
  4     for r_sql in ( select distinct sql_handle
  5                   from dba_sql_plan_baselines)
  6     loop
  7         begin
  8             cnt :=
dbms_spm.drop_sql_plan_baseline(r_sql.sql_handle);
  9         exception
 10         when others
 11         then
 12             dbms_output.put_line( 'Problem
dropping: ' ||
 13                                     r_sql.sql_handle );
 14         end;
 15     end loop;
 16 end;
 17 /

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```

----- Create some new SQL plan baselines
SQL> alter session set optimizer_mode = all_rows;

```

Session altered.

```
SQL> drop index i1;
```

Index dropped.

```
SQL> drop index i2;
```

Index dropped.

```
SQL> alter session set optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines = true;
```

Session altered.

```
SQL> select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and
f.c1=1;
```

C1	C2	C2
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

```
SQL> alter session set optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines = false;
```

Session altered.

```
SQL> create index i2 on foo(c1,c2);
```

```
Index created.
```

```
SQL> exec dbms_stats.gather_table_stats(null,'foo')
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
SQL> --create index b1 on bar(c1);
```

```
SQL> --exec dbms_stats.gather_table_stats(null,'bar')
```

```
SQL> select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and f.c1=1;
```

C1	C2	C2
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

```
SQL> /
```

C1	C2	C2
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

```
SQL> /
```

C1	C2	C2
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

```
SQL> /
```

C1	C2	C2
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

```
SQL> /
```

C1	C2	C2
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

```
SQL> select plan_name, origin, enabled, accepted , fixed,optimizer_cost
2 from dba_sql_plan_baselines
3 where sql_text like 'select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b%';
```

PLAN_NAME	ORIGIN	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPTIMIZER_COST
SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787f02813bf	AUTO-CAPTURE	YES	YES	NO	248
SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787fc9e05d1	AUTO-CAPTURE	YES	NO	NO	6

```
SQL> select name from dba_sql_profilesavailable?
2 where sql_text like 'select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b%';
```

no rows selected

----- Before running the SQL tuning advisor enable profile acceptance

```
SQL> @sysdba
```

```
SQL> connect / as sysdba
```

Connected.

```
SQL> exec dbms_workload_repository.create_snapshot
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL> exec dbms_sqltune.reset_tuning_task('SYS_AUTO_SQL_TUNING_TASK')
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL> exec
```

```
dbms_sqltune.set_tuning_task_parameter('SYS_AUTO_SQL_TUNING_TASK','ACCEPT_SQL_PROFILES','true')
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- See this in the dictionary

```
SQL> col parameter_name for a30
```

```
SQL> col parameter_value for a30
```

```
SQL> select parameter_name,parameter_value from DBA_ADVISOR_PARAMETERS
2 where parameter_name like '%PROF%';
```

PARAMETER_NAME	PARAMETER_VALUE
MAX_AUTO_SQL_PROFILES	10000
MAX_SQL_PROFILES_PER_EXEC	20
ACCEPT_SQL_PROFILES	true

----- Now run the SQL Tuning advisor

```
SQL> exec dbms_sqltune.execute_tuning_task('SYS_AUTO_SQL_TUNING_TASK')
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

----- See the SQL tuning advisor report

```
SQL> select dbms_sqltune.report_auto_tuning_task from dual;
```

REPORT_AUTO_TUNING_TASK

GENERAL INFORMATION SECTION

Tuning Task Name : SYS_AUTO_SQL_TUNING_TASK
Tuning Task Owner : SYS
Workload Type : Automatic High-Load SQL
Workload
Scope : COMPREHENSIVE
Global Time Limit(seconds) : 3600
Per-SQL Time Limit(seconds) : 1200
Completion Status : COMPLETED
Started at : 12/05/2009 16:14:49
Completed at : 12/05/2009 16:14:52
Number of Candidate SQLs : 7
Cumulative Elapsed Time of SQL (s) : 32

SUMMARY SECTION

Global SQL Tuning Result Statistics

Number of SQLs Analyzed : 7
Number of SQLs in the Report : 2
Number of SQLs with Findings : 2
Number of SQLs with Alternative Plan Findings: 2
Number of SQLs with SQL profiles implemented : 1

SQLs with Findings Ordered by Maximum (Profile/Index) Benefit,
Object ID

object ID SQL ID statistics profile(benefit) index(benefit)
restructure

6 lbcpsywprtdrh 99.13%
9 f7xrmkxmcnww

DETAILS SECTION

Statements with Results Ordered by Maximum (Profile/Index) Benefit,
Object ID

Object ID : 6
Schema Name: SYSTEM

```

SQL ID      : lbcpsywprtdrh
SQL Text    : select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1
and
              f.c1=1

```

```

-----
-----
FINDINGS SECTION (2 findings)
-----
-----

```

```

1- SQL Profile Finding (see explain plans section below)
-----

```

A potentially better execution plan was found for this statement. SQL profile "SYS_SQLPROF_01255f6859f50000" and SQL plan baseline "SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787fc9e05d1" were created automatically for this statement.

Recommendation (estimated benefit: 99.13%)

- An automatically-created SQL profile is present on the system.
 - Name: SYS_SQLPROF_01255f6859f50000
 - Status: ENABLED

Validation results

The SQL profile was tested by executing both its plan and the original plan and measuring their respective execution statistics. A plan may have been only partially executed if the other could be run to completion in less time.

	Original Plan	With SQL Profile	% Improved
	-----	-----	-----
Completion Status:	COMPLETE	COMPLETE	
Elapsed Time(us):	3721	147	96.04 %
CPU Time(us):	4000	0	100 %
User I/O Time(us):	0	0	
Buffer Gets:	808	7	99.13 %
Physical Read Requests:	0	0	
Physical Write Requests:	0	0	
Physical Read Bytes:	0	0	
Physical Write Bytes:	0	0	
Rows Processed:	4	4	
Fetches:	4	4	
Executions:	1	1	

Notes

- 1. The original plan was first executed to warm the buffer cache.
- 2. Statistics for original plan were averaged over next 9 executions.
- 3. The SQL profile plan was first executed to warm the buffer cache.
- 4. Statistics for the SQL profile plan were averaged over next 9 executions.

2- Alternative Plan Finding

Some alternative execution plans for this statement were found by searching the system's real-time and historical performance data.

The following table lists these plans ranked by their average elapsed time.

See section "ALTERNATIVE PLANS SECTION" for detailed information on each plan.

id	plan hash	last seen	elapsed (s)	origin	note
1	3834250642	2009-12-05/16:14:34	0.002	Cursor Cache	
2	1207490703	2009-12-05/16:14:35	0.003	Cursor Cache	
3	2094252384	2009-12-05/16:14:42	0.005	Cursor Cache	original plan
4	2194434350	2009-12-05/15:59:47	0.147	AWR	

Recommendation

- Consider creating a SQL plan baseline for the plan with the best average elapsed time.

```
execute dbms_sqltune.create_sql_plan_baseline(task_name =>
'SYS_AUTO_SQL_TUNING_TASK', object_id => 6, plan_hash_value
=>
3834250642);
```

EXPLAIN PLANS SECTION

1- Original With Adjusted Cost

Plan hash value: 2094252384

Id	Operation	Name	Rows	Bytes	Cost (%CPU)	Time
0	SELECT STATEMENT		4	56	248 (2)	00:00:03

```

|* 1 | HASH JOIN          |      | 4 | 56 | 248 (2) |
00:00:03 |
|* 2 | TABLE ACCESS FULL| FOO  | 1 | 8  | 244 (1) |
00:00:03 |
|* 3 | TABLE ACCESS FULL| BAR  | 4 | 24 | 3   (0) |
00:00:01 |

```


Predicate Information (identified by operation id):

- 1 - access("F"."C1"="B"."C1")
- 2 - filter("F"."C1"=1)
- 3 - filter("B"."C1"=1)

2- Using SQL Profile

Plan hash value: 1207490703

```

-----
---
| Id  | Operation          | Name | Rows | Bytes | Cost (%CPU)| Time |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0   | SELECT STATEMENT  |      | 4    | 56    | 6  (17) |      |
00:00:01 |
|* 1  | HASH JOIN          |      | 4    | 56    | 6  (17) |      |
00:00:01 |
|* 2  | INDEX RANGE SCAN  | I2   | 1    | 8     | 2   (0) |      |
00:00:01 |
|* 3  | TABLE ACCESS FULL| BAR  | 4    | 24    | 3   (0) |      |
00:00:01 |

```


Predicate Information (identified by operation id):

- 1 - access("F"."C1"="B"."C1")
- 2 - access("F"."C1"=1)
- 3 - filter("B"."C1"=1)

ALTERNATIVE PLANS SECTION

Plan 2

```

Plan Origin           :Cursor Cache
Plan Hash Value       :1207490703
Executions             :1

```

Elapsed Time :0.003 sec
CPU Time :0.000 sec
Buffer Gets :9
Disk Reads :0
Disk Writes :0

Notes:

1. Statistics shown are averaged over multiple executions.

```
-----  
---  
| Id | Operation | Name | Rows | Bytes | Cost (%CPU)| Time  
|  
-----  
---  
| 0 | SELECT STATEMENT | | 4 | 56 | 6 (17)|  
00:00:01 |  
|* 1 | HASH JOIN | | 4 | 56 | 6 (17)|  
00:00:01 |  
|* 2 | INDEX RANGE SCAN | I2 | 1 | 8 | 2 (0)|  
00:00:01 |  
|* 3 | TABLE ACCESS FULL| BAR | 4 | 24 | 3 (0)|  
00:00:01 |  
-----  
---
```

Predicate Information (identified by operation id):

- ```

1 - access("F"."C1"="B"."C1")
2 - access("F"."C1"=1)
3 - filter("B"."C1"=1)
```

Plan 1

-----

Plan Origin :Cursor Cache  
Plan Hash Value :3834250642  
Executions :1  
Elapsed Time :0.002 sec  
CPU Time :0.000 sec  
Buffer Gets :10  
Disk Reads :0  
Disk Writes :0

Notes:

1. Statistics shown are averaged over multiple executions.

```


----- See the SQL plan baselines
SQL> @system
SQL> connect system/oracle
Connected.
SQL> select plan_name, origin, enabled, accepted , fixed,optimizer_cost
2 from dba_sql_plan_baselines
```



```
3 where sql_text like 'select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b%';
```

| PLAN_NAME                      | ORIGIN       | ENA | ACC | FIX | OPTIMIZER_COST |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|----------------|
| SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787f02813bf | AUTO-CAPTURE | YES | YES | NO  | 248            |
| SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787fc9e05d1 | AUTO-CAPTURE | YES | YES | NO  | 6              |

```
----- See the created profile
```

```
SQL> select name from dba_sql_profiles
2 where sql_text like 'select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b%';
```

```
NAME

SYS_SQLPROF_01255f6859f50000
```

```
----- Delete the SQL plan baselines
```

```
SQL> select sql_handle from dba_sql_plan_baselines
2 where sql_text like 'select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b%';
```

```
SQL_HANDLE

SYS_SQL_7fd9caec48e69d07
SYS_SQL_7fd9caec48e69d07
```

```
SQL> exec :cnt := dbms_spm.drop_sql_plan_baseline('&sql_handle')
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
SQL> print :cnt
```

```
 CNT

 2
```

```
----- Drop the SQL profile
```

```
SQL> exec dbms_sqltune.drop_sql_profile('&name')
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
----- Create some new SQL plan baselines
```

```
SQL> alter session set optimizer_mode = first_rows_1;
```

```
Session altered.
```

```
SQL> drop index i2;
```

```
Index dropped.
```

```
SQL> alter session set optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines = true;
```

```
Session altered.
```

```
SQL> select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and
f.c1=1;
```

```
 C1 C2 C2
```

| C1 | C2 | C2 |
|----|----|----|
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |

SQL> alter session set optimizer\_capture\_sql\_plan\_baselines = false;

Session altered.

SQL> create index i1 on foo(c1);

Index created.

SQL> exec dbms\_stats.gather\_table\_stats(null,'foo')

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1 and f.c1=1;

| C1 | C2 | C2 |
|----|----|----|
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |

SQL> /

| C1 | C2 | C2 |
|----|----|----|
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |

SQL> /

| C1 | C2 | C2 |
|----|----|----|
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |

SQL> /

| C1 | C2 | C2 |
|----|----|----|
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |
| 1  | 1  | 1  |

SQL> /

```

 C1 C2 C2

 1 1 1
 1 1 1
 1 1 1
 1 1 1

```

```

SQL> select plan_name, origin, enabled, accepted , fixed,optimizer_cost
 2 from dba_sql_plan_baselines
 3 where sql_text like 'select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b%';

```

```

PLAN_NAME ORIGIN ENA ACC FIX OPTIMIZER_COST

SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd78743ac900d AUTO-CAPTURE YES NO NO 4
SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787e6003f7b AUTO-CAPTURE YES YES NO 125

```

----- Now run the SQL Tuning advisor

```
SQL> @sysdba
```

```
SQL> connect / as sysdba
```

```
Connected.
```

```
SQL> exec dbms_workload_repository.create_snapshot
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
SQL> exec dbms_sqltune.reset_tuning_task('SYS_AUTO_SQL_TUNING_TASK')
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
SQL> exec dbms_sqltune.execute_tuning_task('SYS_AUTO_SQL_TUNING_TASK')
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

----- See the SQL tuning advisor report

```
SQL> select dbms_sqltune.report_auto_tuning_task from dual;
```

```
REPORT_AUTO_TUNING_TASK
```

```

GENERAL INFORMATION SECTION

```

```

Tuning Task Name : SYS_AUTO_SQL_TUNING_TASK
Tuning Task Owner : SYS
Workload Type : Automatic High-Load SQL
Workload
Scope : COMPREHENSIVE
Global Time Limit(seconds) : 3600
Per-SQL Time Limit(seconds) : 1200
Completion Status : COMPLETED
Started at : 12/05/2009 16:15:08
Completed at : 12/05/2009 16:15:11
Number of Candidate SQLs : 7
Cumulative Elapsed Time of SQL (s) : 35

```

-----  
-----  
SUMMARY SECTION  
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Global SQL Tuning Result Statistics  
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Number of SQLs Analyzed : 7  
Number of SQLs in the Report : 2  
Number of SQLs with Findings : 2  
Number of SQLs with Alternative Plan Findings: 2  
Number of SQLs with SQL profiles implemented : 1  
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SQLs with Findings Ordered by Maximum (Profile/Index) Benefit,  
Object ID  
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| object ID   | SQL ID | statistics profile(benefit) | index(benefit) |
|-------------|--------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| restructure |        |                             |                |
|             | 6      | 1bcpsywprtdrh               | 99.01%         |
|             | 9      | f7xrmkxmcnww                |                |

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DETAILS SECTION  
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Statements with Results Ordered by Maximum (Profile/Index) Benefit,  
Object ID  
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Object ID : 6  
Schema Name: SYSTEM  
SQL ID : 1bcpsywprtdrh  
SQL Text : select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b where f.c1 = b.c1  
and  
f.c1=1  
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FINDINGS SECTION (2 findings)  
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1- SQL Profile Finding (see explain plans section below)  
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A potentially better execution plan was found for this statement.  
SQL profile "SYS\_SQLPROF\_01255f68a3330001" and SQL plan baseline  
"SQL\_PLAN\_7zqfaxj4fd787e53205ee" were created automatically for this  
statement.

Recommendation (estimated benefit: 99.01%)

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- An automatically-created SQL profile is present on the system.  
Name: SYS\_SQLPROF\_01255f68a3330001  
Status: ENABLED

Validation results

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The SQL profile was tested by executing both its plan and the original plan and measuring their respective execution statistics. A plan may have been only partially executed if the other could be run to completion in less time.

|                          | Original Plan | With SQL Profile | % Improved |
|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|------------|
|                          | -----         | -----            | -----      |
| Completion Status:       | COMPLETE      | COMPLETE         |            |
| Elapsed Time(us):        | 5884          | 155              | 97.36 %    |
| CPU Time(us):            | 6000          | 0                | 100 %      |
| User I/O Time(us):       | 0             | 0                |            |
| Buffer Gets:             | 808           | 8                | 99 %       |
| Physical Read Requests:  | 0             | 0                |            |
| Physical Write Requests: | 0             | 0                |            |
| Physical Read Bytes:     | 0             | 0                |            |
| Physical Write Bytes:    | 0             | 0                |            |
| Rows Processed:          | 4             | 4                |            |
| Fetches:                 | 4             | 4                |            |
| Executions:              | 1             | 1                |            |

Notes

- 
1. The original plan was first executed to warm the buffer cache.
  2. Statistics for original plan were averaged over next 9 executions.
  3. The SQL profile plan was first executed to warm the buffer cache.
  4. Statistics for the SQL profile plan were averaged over next 9 executions.

2- Alternative Plan Finding

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Some alternative execution plans for this statement were found by searching the system's real-time and historical performance data.

The following table lists these plans ranked by their average elapsed time.

See section "ALTERNATIVE PLANS SECTION" for detailed information on each plan.

| id | plan hash | last seen | elapsed (s) | origin | note |
|----|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------|------|
|----|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------|------|

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```

1 3834250642 2009-12-05/16:14:34 0.002 Cursor Cache not
reproducib
le
2 1207490703 2009-12-05/16:14:35 0.003 Cursor Cache not
reproducib
le
3 2194434350 2009-12-05/16:15:06 0.006 Cursor Cache
original plan
4 2094252384 2009-12-05/16:13:57 0.007 AWR

```

Information

```

- All alternative plans other than the Original Plan could not be
 reproduced in the current environment.
- The plan with id 1 could not be reproduced in the current
environment.
 For this reason, a SQL plan baseline cannot be created to instruct
the
 Oracle optimizer to pick this plan in the future.
- The plan with id 2 could not be reproduced in the current
environment.
 For this reason, a SQL plan baseline cannot be created to instruct
the
 Oracle optimizer to pick this plan in the future.

```

```

EXPLAIN PLANS SECTION

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1- Original With Adjusted Cost

Plan hash value: 2194434350

```

| Id | Operation | Name | Rows | Bytes | Cost (%CPU) | Time
|

| 0 | SELECT STATEMENT | | 2 | 40 | 247 (2) |
00:00:03 |
| 1 | MERGE JOIN | | 2 | 40 | 247 (2) |
00:00:03 |
|* 2 | TABLE ACCESS FULL | BAR | 2 | 12 | 2 (0) |
00:00:01 |
|* 3 | SORT JOIN | | 1 | 8 | 245 (2) |
00:00:03 |
|* 4 | TABLE ACCESS FULL | FOO | 1 | 8 | 244 (1) |
00:00:03

```

Predicate Information (identified by operation id):

- 2 - filter("B"."C1"=1)
- 3 - access("F"."C1"="B"."C1")  
filter("F"."C1"="B"."C1")
- 4 - filter("F"."C1"=1)

2- Using SQL Profile

Plan hash value: 2556729538

| Id   | Operation                   | Name | Rows | Bytes | Cost |
|------|-----------------------------|------|------|-------|------|
| 0    | SELECT STATEMENT            |      | 4    | 56    | 6    |
| (17) | 00:00:01                    |      |      |       |      |
| * 1  | HASH JOIN                   |      | 4    | 56    | 6    |
| (17) | 00:00:01                    |      |      |       |      |
| 2    | TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID | FOO  | 1    | 8     | 2    |
| (0)  | 00:00:01                    |      |      |       |      |
| * 3  | INDEX RANGE SCAN            | I1   | 1    |       | 1    |
| (0)  | 00:00:01                    |      |      |       |      |
| * 4  | TABLE ACCESS FULL           | BAR  | 4    | 24    | 3    |
| (0)  | 00:00:01                    |      |      |       |      |

Predicate Information (identified by operation id):

- 1 - access("F"."C1"="B"."C1")
- 3 - access("F"."C1"=1)
- 4 - filter("B"."C1"=1)

ALTERNATIVE PLANS SECTION

Plan 2

```

Plan Origin :Cursor Cache
Plan Hash Value :1207490703
Executions :1
Elapsed Time :0.003 sec
CPU Time :0.000 sec
Buffer Gets :9
Disk Reads :0
Disk Writes :0

```

Notes:

1. Statistics shown are averaged over multiple executions.
2. The plan with id could not be reproduced in the current environment. For this reason, a SQL plan baseline cannot be created to instruct the Oracle optimizer to pick this plan in the future.

```


| Id | Operation | Name | Rows | Bytes | Cost (%CPU)| Time |

0	SELECT STATEMENT				6 (100)	
1	HASH JOIN		4	56	6 (17)	00:00:01
2	INDEX RANGE SCAN	I2	1	8	2 (0)	00:00:01
3	TABLE ACCESS FULL	BAR	4	24	3 (0)	00:00:01


```

Plan 1  
-----

```

Plan Origin :Cursor Cache
Plan Hash Value :3834250642
Executions :1
Elapsed Time :0.002 sec

```

----- See the SQL plan baselines

```

SQL> @system
SQL> connect system/oracle
Connected.
SQL> select plan_name, origin, enabled, accepted, fixed, optimizer_cost
2 from dba_sql_plan_baselines
3 where sql_text like 'select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b%';

```

| PLAN_NAME                      | ORIGIN       | ENA | ACC | FIX | OPTIMIZER_COST |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|----------------|
| SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd78743ac900d | AUTO-CAPTURE | YES | NO  | NO  | 4              |
| SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787e53205ee | AUTO-SQLTUNE | YES | YES | NO  | 247            |
| SQL_PLAN_7zqfaxj4fd787e6003f7b | AUTO-CAPTURE | YES | YES | NO  | 125            |



```
----- See the created profile
SQL> select name from dba_sql_profiles
 2 where sql_text like 'select f.c1,f.c2,b.c2 from foo f, bar b%';
```

NAME

```

SYS_SQLPROF_01255f68a3330001
```

```
----- Cleanup
```

```
SQL> set echo off
```

```
Table dropped.
```

```
Table dropped.
```

```
Table dropped.
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```